# Composition of Functions <br> Ways to show functions are being composed: 

What does it mean to compose two functions?

Always start with the $\qquad$

DANGER:

## Example: $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})=\mathbf{2 x + 3}$ and $\mathbf{g}(\mathbf{x})=\mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{2}}$

" $x$ " is just a placeholder, and to avoid confusion let's just call it "input":

```
f(input)=2(input)+3
    g(input) = (input)}\mp@subsup{}{}{2
```

So, let's start:

$$
(g \circ f)(x)=g(f(x))
$$

First we apply $f$, then apply $g$ to that result:


$$
(g \circ f)(x)=(2 x+3)^{2}
$$

